

Diagram C shows a circle with a horizontal diameter AB. Points Z, P, Q, and Γ are marked on the upper and lower arcs. Lines connect A to Z, P, and Q, and B to P, Q, and Γ. Diagram T shows a circle with a horizontal diameter MN. Points K, N, Λ, and H are marked on the upper and lower arcs. Lines connect M to K, N, and Λ, and N to K, Λ, and H. Below each diagram is a small square box containing the letter C or T respectively.

$\overline{\text{BZ}} \cdot \text{H} \cdot \overline{\text{BZ}}$
 $\text{H} \cdot \overline{\text{H}} \cdot \text{H}$
 $\overline{\text{Z}} \cdot \text{H} \cdot \overline{\text{Z}}$
 $\text{H} \cdot \overline{\text{H}} \cdot \text{H}$
 $\overline{\text{Z}} \cdot \text{H} \cdot \overline{\text{Z}}$
 $\text{H} \cdot \overline{\text{H}} \cdot \text{H}$

[illegible]

Εάν η τριγωνία απευθείας
 μάχοι τανυστήν είναι
 σκευάσει ζε γιγαστήν
 οεί παραλλήλ

А Т К Ч Т А.

[illegible]